

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \rho = \left(\cos \frac{\theta}{2}\right)^2 \quad \theta \in [0, 2\pi]$$

$$\vec{r} = \rho (\cos \theta, \sin \theta) \quad \rho' = -2 \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\vec{r}' = \rho' (\cos \theta, \sin \theta) + \rho (-\sin \theta, \cos \theta)$$

$$|\vec{r}'| = (\rho'^2 + \rho^2)^{1/2} = \left(\cos^2 \frac{\theta}{2} \sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2} + \cos^4 \frac{\theta}{2}\right)^{1/2} = \left(\cos^2 \frac{\theta}{2}\right)^{1/2}$$

$$= |\cos \frac{\theta}{2}|$$

$$l(f) = \int_0^{2\pi} |\cos \frac{\theta}{2}| d\theta \quad \alpha = \frac{\theta}{2} \quad d\alpha = \frac{d\theta}{2}$$

$$= \int_0^{4\pi} |\cos \alpha| 2 d\alpha = 2 \left[\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos \alpha d\alpha + \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} -\cos \alpha d\alpha \right]$$

$$= 2 \left[+\sin \alpha \Big|_0^{\pi/2} + \sin \alpha \Big|_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \right] = 2(1+1) = 4$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^5 + xy^2 + 4x^2y}{y^2 + 2x^4 + 3y^4} \quad \text{non esiste!}$$

$$\left| \frac{x^5 + xy^2 + 4x^2y}{y^2 + 2x^4 + 3y^4} \right| = \left| \frac{x^5}{y^2 + 2x^4 + 3y^4} + \frac{xy^2}{y^2 + 2x^4 + 3y^4} + \frac{4x^2y}{y^2 + 2x^4 + 3y^4} \right| \quad (*)$$

$$\leq \left| \frac{x^5}{2x^4} \right| + \frac{|xy^2|}{y^2} + \frac{4|x^2y|}{y^2 + 2x^4 + 3y^4} \stackrel{(*)}{=} |x| + |x| + \frac{4|x^2y|}{y^2 + 2x^4 + 3y^4}$$

Il primo dei termini tende a zero ma il terzo no.

Vediamo in dettaglio il terzo termine in (*)

$$g(x, x^2) = \frac{4x^4}{3x^4 + 3x^8} \xrightarrow{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{4}{3}$$

$$g(x, -x^2) = \frac{-4x^4}{3x^4 + 3x^8} \xrightarrow{x \rightarrow 0} -\frac{4}{3}$$

Dunque il limite non esiste.

$$g(x,y) = \frac{4x^2y}{y^2 + 2x^4 + 3y^4}$$