

$$\textcircled{5} \quad f(x,y) = e^x (x^2 - 2xy + 2y^2)$$

$$f_x = e^x (2x - 2y + x^2 - 2xy + 2y^2) = 0$$

$$f_y = e^x (-2x + 4y) = 0 \Rightarrow x = 2y$$

$$4y - 2y + 4y^2 - 4y^2 + 2y^2 = 0$$

$$2y^2 + 2y = 0 \quad y = 0 \quad y = -1 \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} x = 0 \\ x = -2 \end{matrix}$$

$$(0,0) \quad (-2,-1)$$

$$f_{xx} = e^x (2x - 2y + x^2 - 2xy + 2y^2 + 2 + 2x - 2y)$$

$$f_{yy} = e^x 4$$

$$f_{xy} = -2e^x$$

$$H_f(0,0) = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ -2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \det H_f > 0 \Rightarrow (0,0) \text{ è un punto minimo}$$

$$H_f(-2,-1) = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-2} & -2e^{-2} \\ -2e^{-2} & 4e^{-2} \end{pmatrix} \quad \det H_f < 0 \Rightarrow (-2,-1) \text{ è un punto di sella}$$

$$f_x(0,0) = 0 \quad f_y(0,0) = 0$$

$$f_x(-2,-1) = 0 \quad f_y(-2,-1) = 0$$

$$f_x(1,1) = e \quad f_y(1,1) = 2e$$

~~Il piano tangente in (1,1)~~ Piano tangente in (1,1)

$$Z = e + e(x-1) + 2e(y-1)$$

$$Z = e(x + 2y - 2)$$