



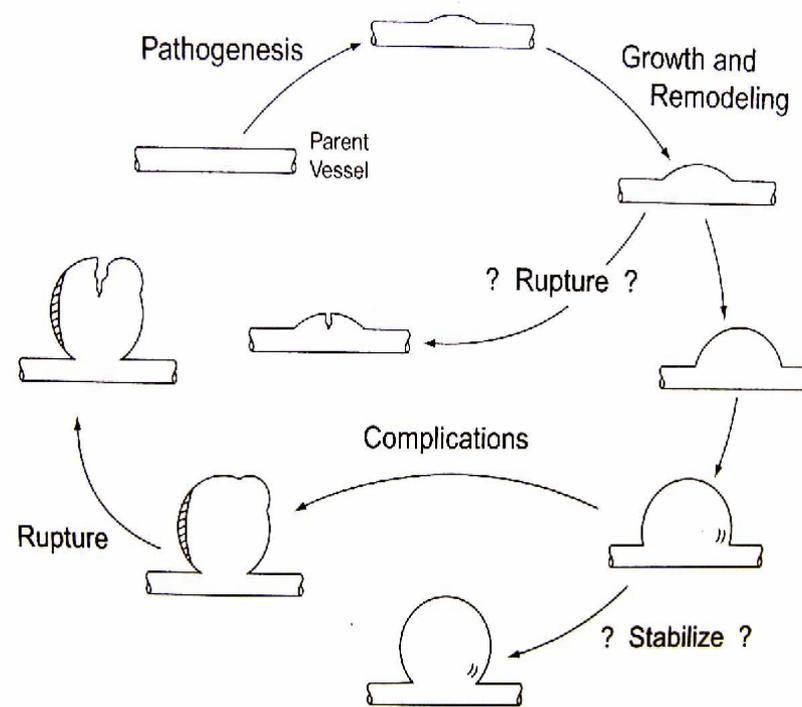
Growth and Remodelling of Intracranial Saccular Aneurysms

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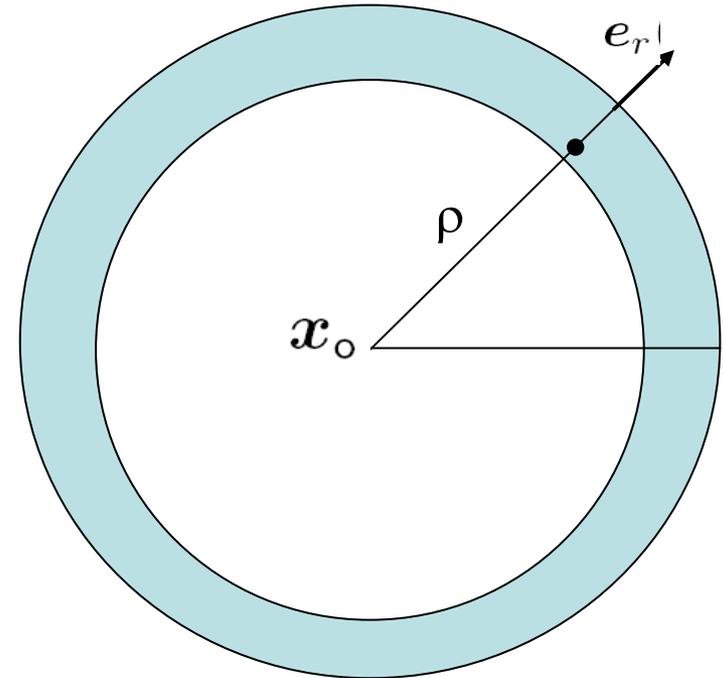
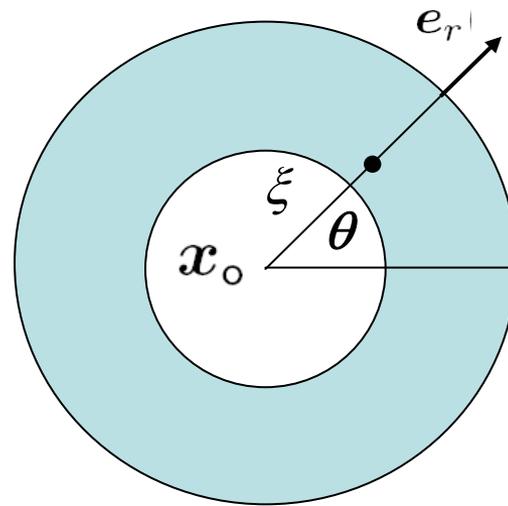
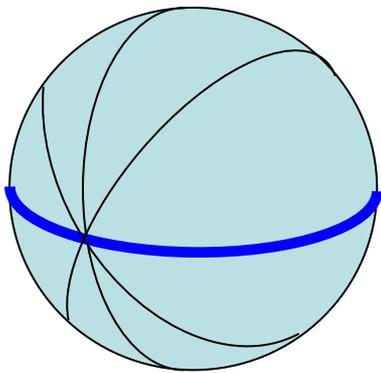
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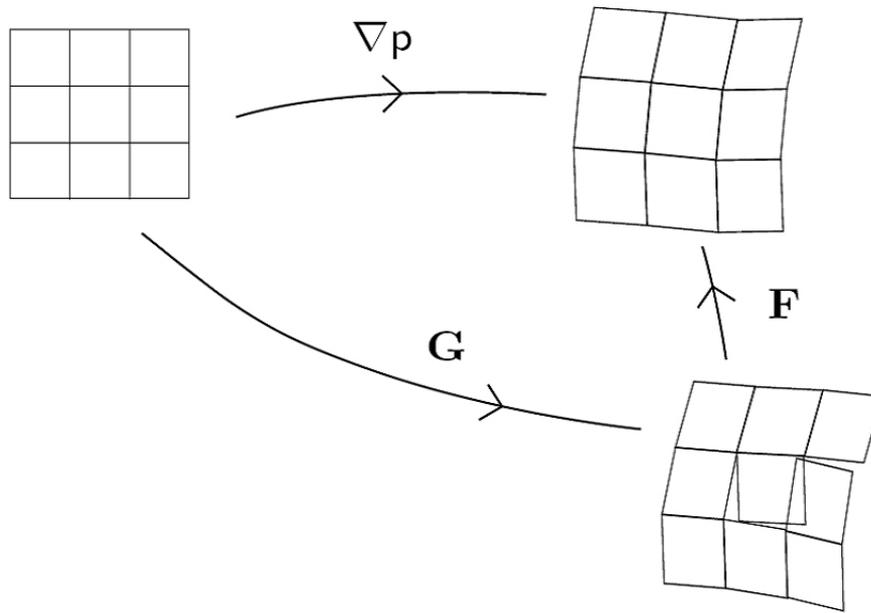
Spherical symmetry



$$\mathbf{p}(\mathbf{x}, \tau) = \mathbf{x}_0 + \rho(\xi, \tau) \mathbf{e}_r(\vartheta, \varphi)$$

$$\nabla \mathbf{p}(\mathbf{x}, \tau) = \rho'(\xi, \tau) \mathbf{P}_r(\vartheta, \varphi) + \frac{\rho}{\xi}(\xi, \tau) \mathbf{P}_h(\vartheta, \varphi)$$

$$\mathbf{P}_r := \mathbf{e}_r \otimes \mathbf{e}_r, \mathbf{P}_h := \mathbf{I} - \mathbf{P}_r$$



Kröner-Lee
decomposition

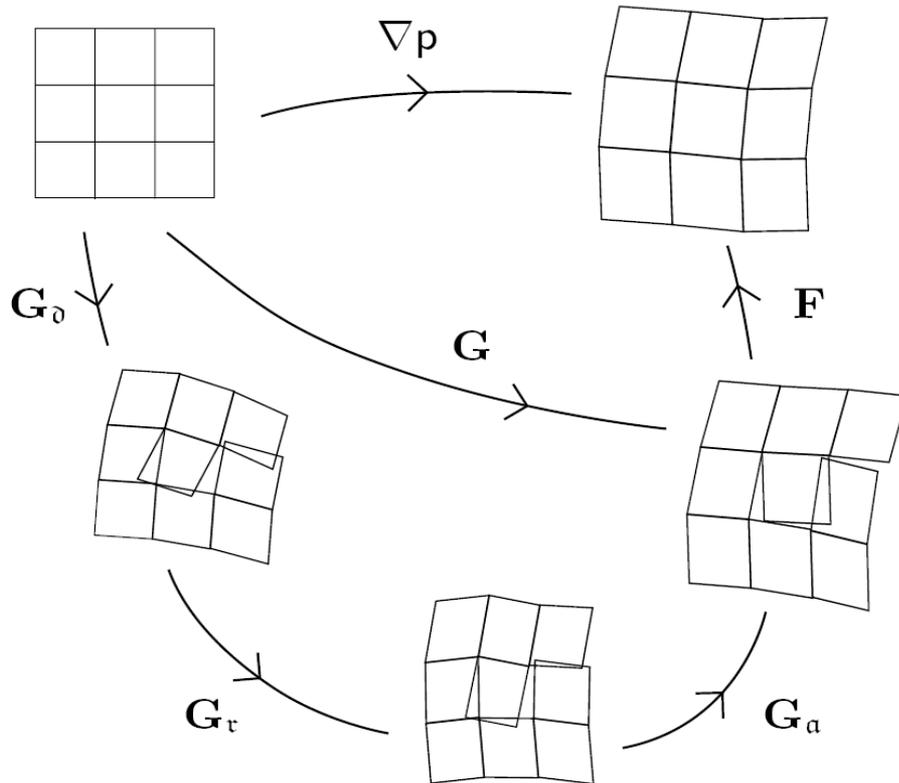
$$\mathbf{G} : (\mathbf{x}, \tau) \mapsto \gamma_r(\xi, \tau) \mathbf{P}_r(\vartheta, \varphi) + \gamma_h(\xi, \tau) \mathbf{P}_h(\vartheta, \varphi)$$

$$\mathbf{F} := \nabla_p \mathbf{G}^{-1} = \lambda_r \mathbf{P}_r + \lambda_h \mathbf{P}_h \quad \lambda_r := \frac{\rho'}{\gamma_r}, \quad \lambda_h := \frac{\rho}{\xi \gamma_h}$$

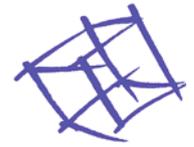
$$J(\mathbf{x}, \tau) := \det \mathbf{G}(\mathbf{x}, \tau) = \gamma_r(\xi, \tau) \gamma_h(\xi, \tau)^2$$



Multiple remodeling mechanisms



$$G = G_a G_r G_d$$



Multiple remodeling mechanisms

$$J_{\text{d}} := \det \mathbf{G}_{\text{d}} = 1 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \mathbf{G}_{\text{d}} = \gamma_{\text{d}}^{-2} \mathbf{P}_r + \gamma_{\text{d}} \mathbf{P}_h \quad \text{Decay} \quad \text{passive}$$

$$J_{\text{r}} := \det \mathbf{G}_{\text{r}} = 1 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \mathbf{G}_{\text{r}} = \gamma_{\text{r}}^{-2} \mathbf{P}_r + \gamma_{\text{r}} \mathbf{P}_h \quad \text{Recovery}$$

$$\mathbf{G}_{\text{a}} = \gamma_{\text{a}} \mathbf{P}_r + \mathbf{P}_h \quad \Rightarrow \quad \mathbf{G}_{\text{a}} = \gamma_{\text{a}} \mathbf{P}_r + \mathbf{P}_h \quad \text{Apposition}$$

} active

\Rightarrow

$$\mathbf{G} = \gamma_{\text{a}} (\gamma_{\text{d}} \gamma_{\text{r}})^{-2} \mathbf{P}_r + \gamma_{\text{d}} \gamma_{\text{r}} \mathbf{P}_h$$



Virtual Work

$$\int_{\mathcal{D}} (-\mathbf{S} \cdot \nabla \mathbf{v}) + \int_{\partial \mathcal{D}} \mathbf{t}_{\partial \mathcal{D}} \cdot \mathbf{v} + \int_{\mathcal{D}} J(\mathbb{A}_{\mathcal{D}} \cdot \mathbf{V}_{\mathcal{D}} + \mathbb{A}_{\mathbf{r}} \cdot \mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{r}} + \mathbb{A}_{\alpha} \cdot \mathbf{V}_{\alpha})$$

Balance equations

$$2 (S_r(\xi) - S_h(\xi)) + \xi S'_r(\xi) = 0,$$

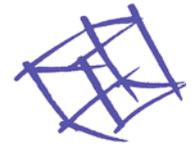
$$\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{D}} = \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{D}}^i + \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{D}}^o = 0,$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{\mathbf{r}} = \mathcal{A}_{\mathbf{r}}^i + \mathcal{A}_{\mathbf{r}}^o = 0,$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{\alpha} = \mathcal{A}_{\alpha}^i + \mathcal{A}_{\alpha}^o = 0,$$

for all $\xi_- < \xi < \xi_+$, and

$$S_r(\xi_{\mp}) = -\pi_{\mp},$$



Dissipative inner actions

$$\mathcal{A}_\partial^+ = -d_\partial \frac{\dot{\gamma}_\partial}{\gamma_\partial}, \quad \mathcal{A}_r^+ = -d_r \frac{\dot{\gamma}_r}{\gamma_r}, \quad \mathcal{A}_a^+ = -d_a \frac{\dot{\gamma}_a}{\gamma_a}$$

Outer actions

$$\mathcal{A}_\partial^o(\xi, \tau) = 0,$$

$$\mathcal{A}_r^o(\xi, \tau) = \widehat{\mathcal{A}}_r(\mathbf{T}(\xi, \tau), \mathbf{T}^\diamond(\xi, \tau), \tau)$$

$$\mathcal{A}_a^o(\xi, \tau) = \widehat{\mathcal{A}}_a(\mathbf{T}(\xi, \tau), \mathbf{T}^\diamond(\xi, \tau), \tau)$$

Controls

$$\widehat{\mathcal{A}}_r(\mathbf{T}, \mathbf{T}^\diamond) = -E_{\partial \& r}(\mathbf{T}) - f_r (\mathbf{T}_h - \mathbf{T}_h^\diamond) + c_r \frac{\rho - \bar{\rho}}{\rho'} (\mathbf{T}_h - \mathbf{T}_h^\diamond)'$$

$$\widehat{\mathcal{A}}_a(\mathbf{T}, \mathbf{T}^\diamond) = -E_a(\mathbf{T}) + f_a (\mathbf{T}_h - \mathbf{T}_h^\diamond)$$



Balance equation

$$2 (S_r(\xi) - S_h(\xi)) + \xi S'_r(\xi) = 0,$$

Evolution equations

$$\frac{\dot{\gamma}_h}{\gamma_h} = \frac{\mu_r}{d_\partial} \left(\mathbf{E}_{\partial \& r}(\mathbf{T}) + \hat{\mathcal{A}}_r(\mathbf{T}, \mathbf{T}^\diamond) \right),$$

$$\frac{\dot{\gamma}_r}{\gamma_r} + 2 \frac{\dot{\gamma}_h}{\gamma_h} = \frac{\mu_a}{d_\partial} \left(\mathbf{E}_a(\mathbf{T}) + \hat{\mathcal{A}}_a(\mathbf{T}, \mathbf{T}^\diamond) \right)$$

Use of COMSOL Script



Param_Values

Input parameters values

do_fem0

Homeostatic initial solution.
weak form **femnl** solver

do_fem1

Time dependent solution.
weak form **femtime** solver

do_plot_t

Time plots

do_plot_f

Fields plots

Recovery control-I

$$f_a = 0, f_r > 0 \text{ and } c_r = 0$$

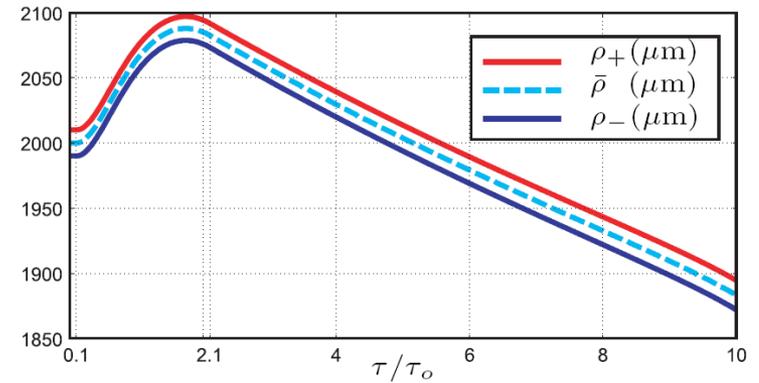
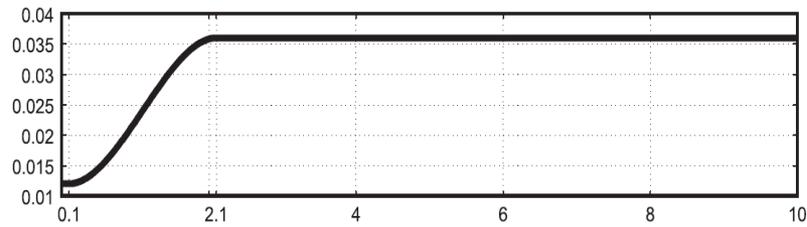


Figure 2: Actual radius vs time.

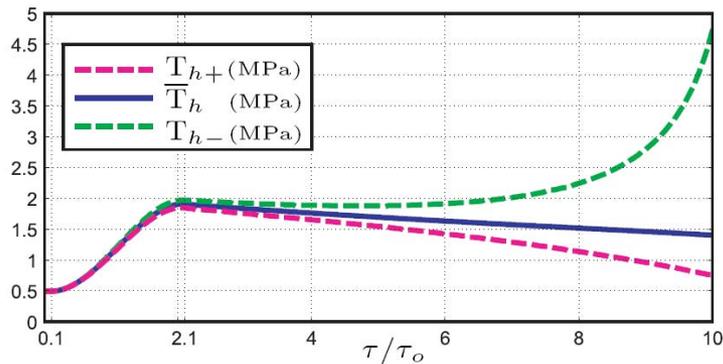


Figure 3: Hoop stress vs time.

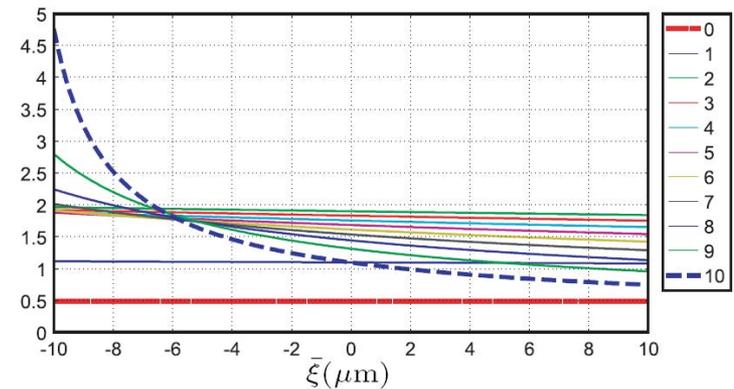


Figure 4: Hoop stress field.

Recovery control-II

$$f_\alpha = 0, f_\tau > 0 \text{ and } c_\tau > 0$$

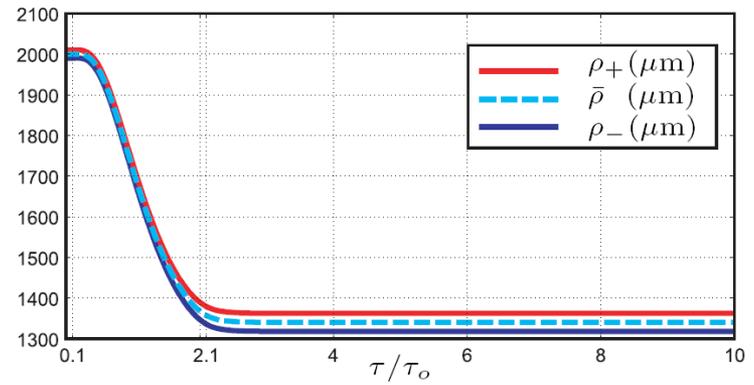
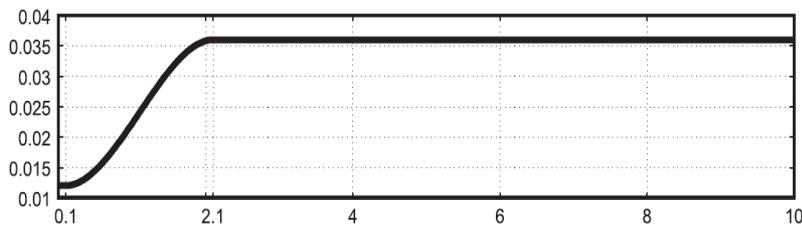


Figure 5: Actual radius vs time.

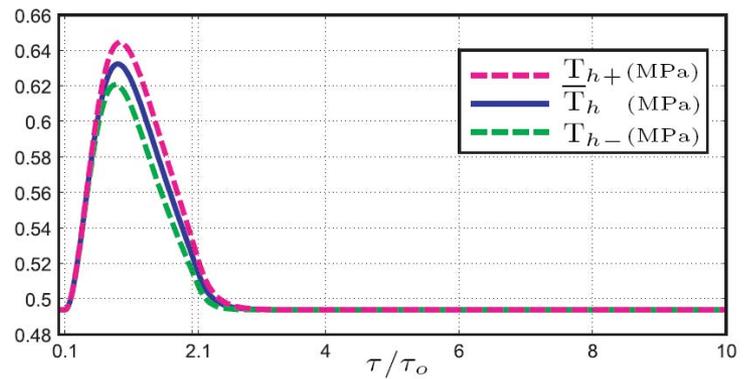


Figure 6: Hoop stress vs time.

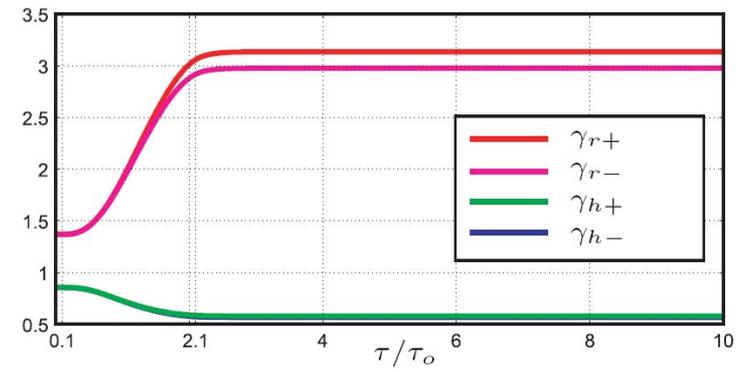


Figure 7: Transformation stretches vs time.

Apposition control

$$f_a > 0, f_r = 0 \text{ and } c_r = 0$$

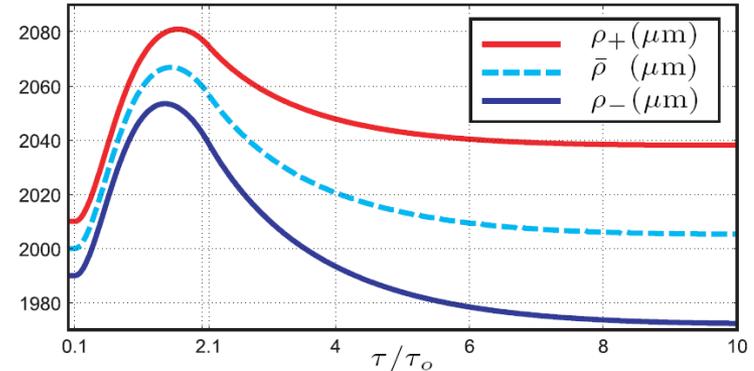
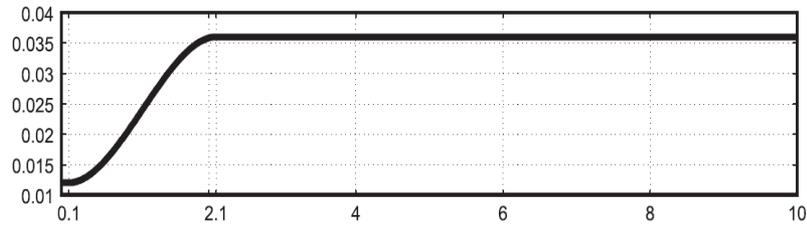


Figure 8: Actual radius vs time.

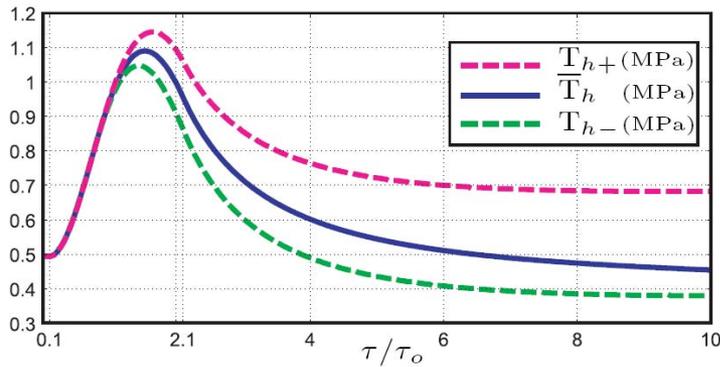


Figure 9: Hoop stress vs time.

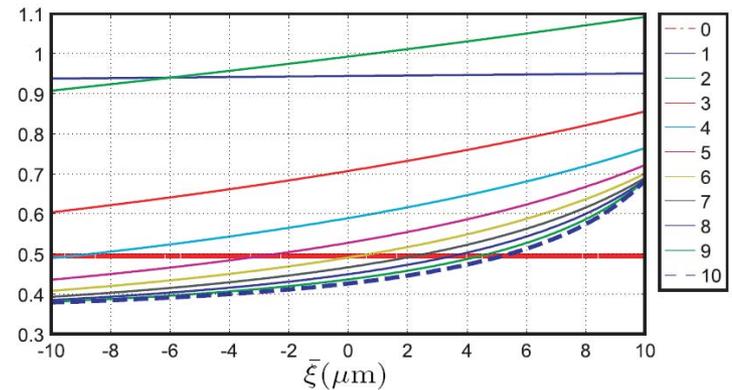


Figure 10: Hoop stress field.

Mixed control

$$f_a > 0, f_r = 0 \text{ and } c_r > 0$$

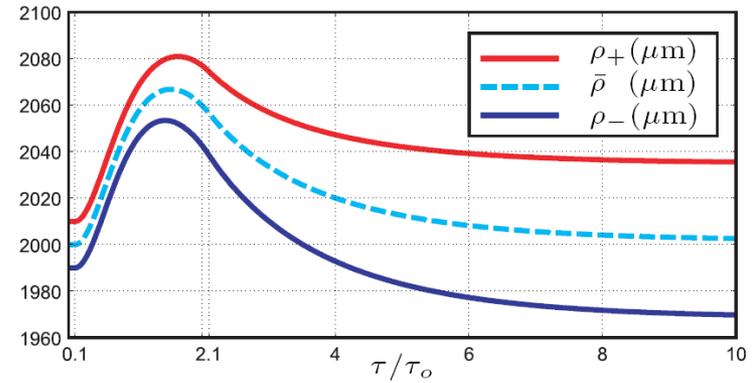
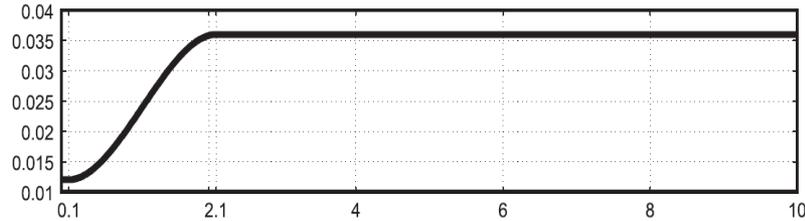


Figure 11: Actual radius vs time.

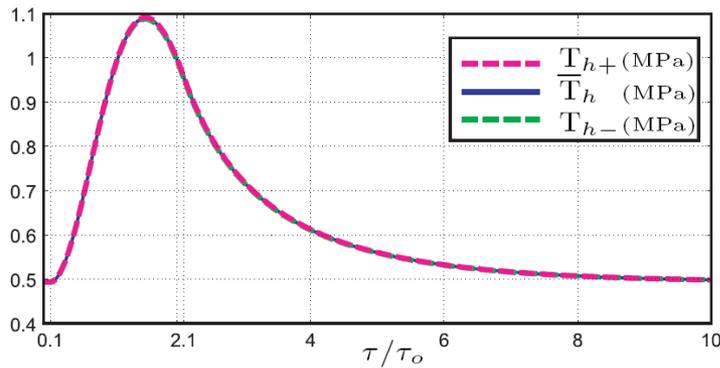


Figure 12: Hoop stress vs time.

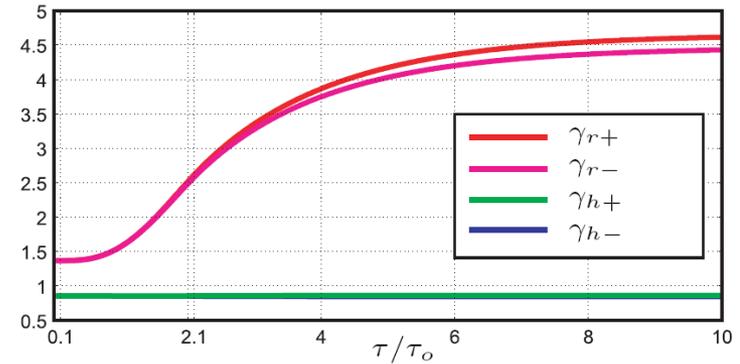


Figure 13: Transformation stretches vs time.

Conclusion

We have proposed a mechanical model—a growing spherical shell—suitable for predicting the evolution of a Saccular Cerebral Artery Aneurysms (SCAA), based on three competing remodeling mechanisms—one passive and two active. Despite drastic simplifying assumptions, preliminary numerical experiments attest to the potential of our model to account for nontrivial evolutions ensuing from accidental perturbations of a homeostatic state.

References

- [1] A. DiCarlo and S. Quiligotti, *Growth and balance*, Mechanics Research Communications **29** (2002), no. 6, 449–456.
- [2] J.D. Humphrey, *Cardiovascular solid mechanics: Cells, tissues, and organs*, Springer, New York, NY, 2001.
- [3] S.K. Kyriacou and J.D. Humphrey, *Influence of size, shape and properties on the mechanics of axisymmetric saccular aneurysms*, Journal of Biomechanics **29** (1996), no. 8, 1015–1022, erratum 30: 761, 1997.