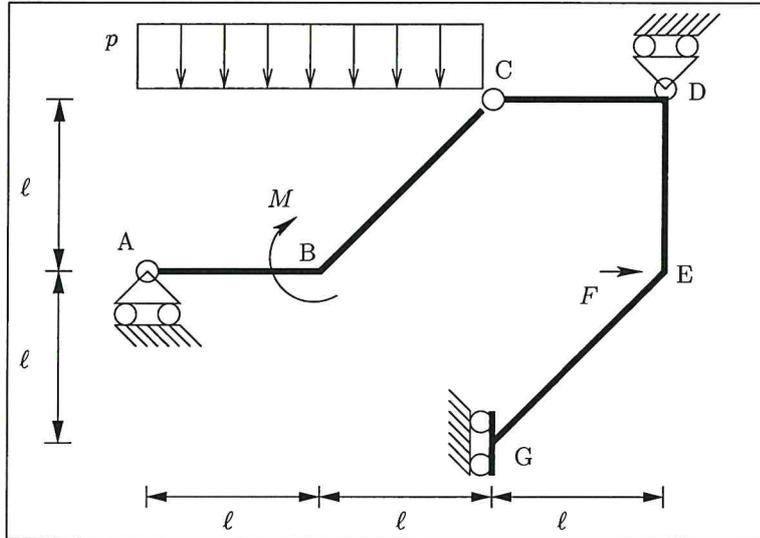


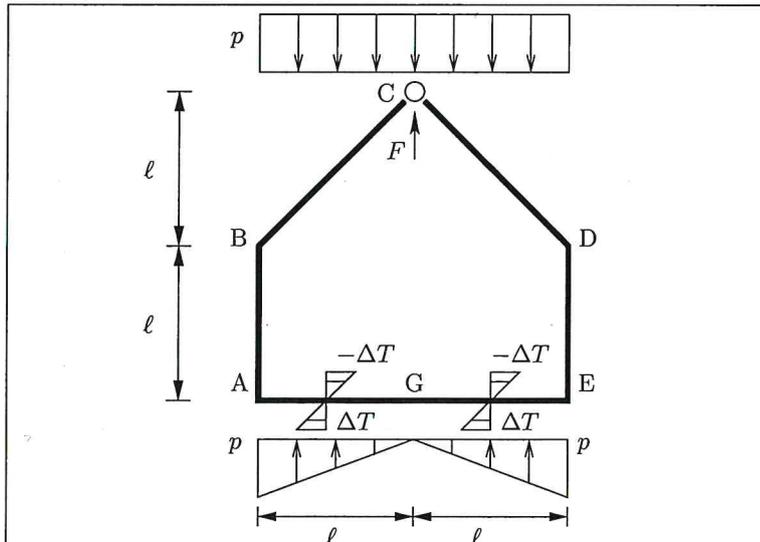
Statica - Ingegneria Civile e Ambientale - Prof. Daniele Zulli

APPELLO DEL 27/1/2025 - DURATA 3 ORE

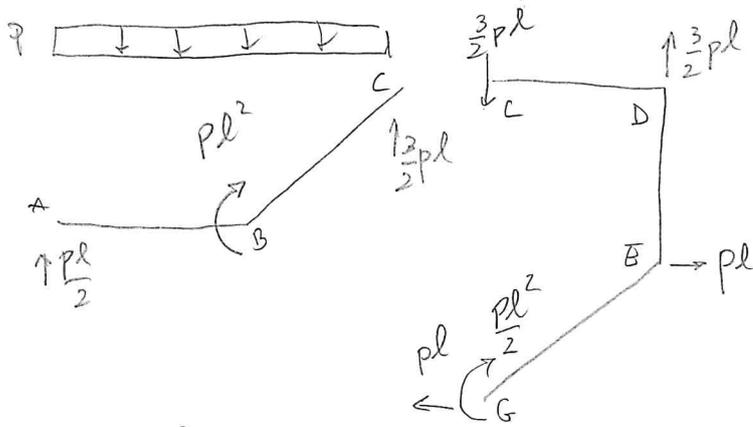
Esercizio 1: Scrivere e diagrammare le leggi di variazione delle caratteristiche di sollecitazione per la struttura in figura, nel caso in cui sia $F = p\ell$ e $M = p\ell^2$. Calcolare la rotazione della sezione in D, noto EI e per $EA \rightarrow +\infty$.



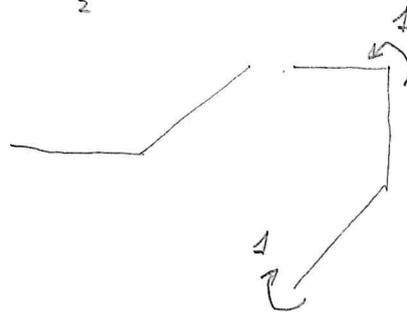
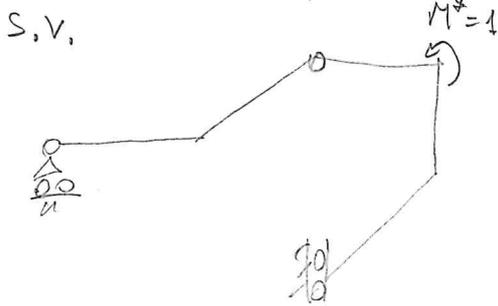
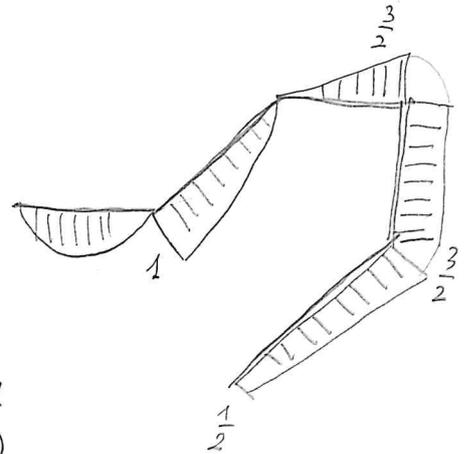
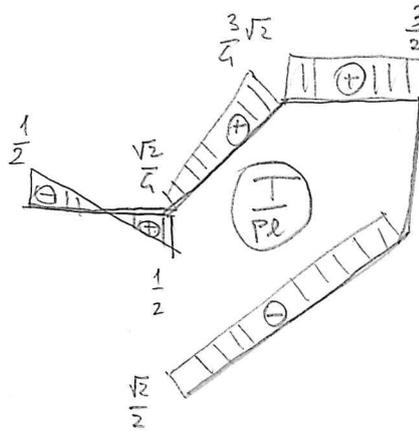
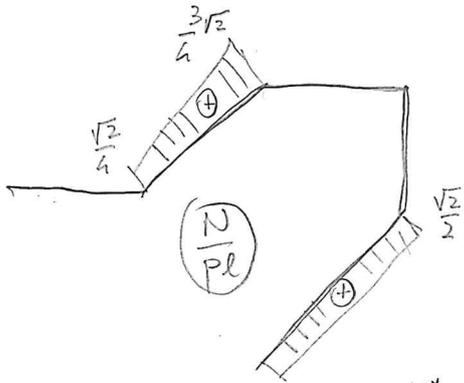
Esercizio 2: Diagrammare le caratteristiche di sollecitazione per la struttura in figura nel caso in cui sia $F = p\ell$, $EA \rightarrow +\infty$, $\Delta T = \frac{p\ell^2 h}{\alpha EI}$ sul tratto AE.



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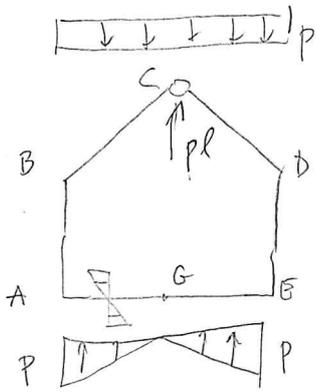
TRAVO	LUNGA	N	T	M
AB	l	0	$-\frac{pl}{2} + px$	$\frac{pl}{2}x - \frac{px^2}{2}$
BC	$l\sqrt{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}pl}{4} + \frac{px^2}{2}$	$\frac{pl\sqrt{2}}{4} + \frac{px}{2}$	$pl^2 - \frac{pl\sqrt{2}}{4}x - \frac{px^2}{4}$
CD	l	0	$\frac{3}{2}pl$	$-\frac{3}{2}plx$
DE	l	0	0	$-\frac{3}{2}pl^2$
GE	$l\sqrt{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}pl}{2}$	$-\frac{pl\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{pl^2}{2} + \frac{pl\sqrt{2}}{2}x$



$M_{DB}^*(x) = -1$
 $M_{GE}^*(x) = 1$
 otherwise $M^*(x) = 0$

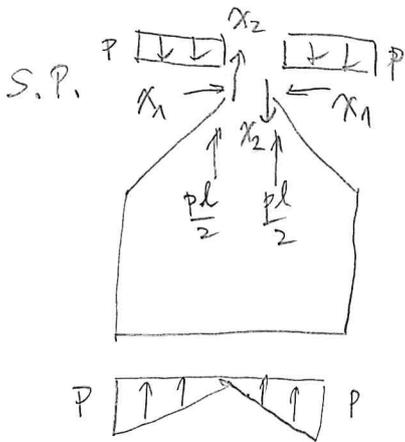
$$\varphi_D = \frac{1}{EI} \left[\int_0^l (-1) \left(-\frac{3}{2}pl^2\right) dx + \int_0^{l\sqrt{2}} (1) \left(\frac{pl^2}{2} + pl\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x\right) dx \right] = \left(\frac{3}{2} + \sqrt{2}\right) \frac{pl^3}{EI}$$

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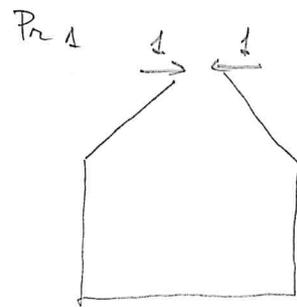
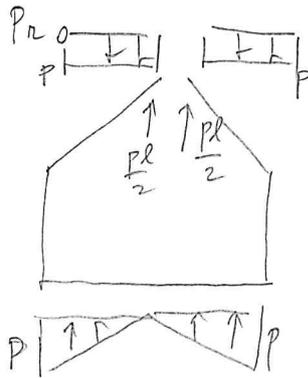
anello ad una cerniera: 2 volte iperstatico per vincoli interni.

La labilità esterna è risolta dai carichi esterni autosequilibranti.



$X_2 = 0$ per simmetria di geometria e carichi.

La struttura è quindi 1 volta iperstatica



TRAVE	LONG.	M_0	M_1
CB	$l\sqrt{2}$	$-pl\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}x + \frac{px^2}{4}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x$
BA	l	0	$l+x$
AG	l	$\frac{p(l-x)x^2}{2} + \frac{px^3}{3} - \frac{plx}{2}$	$2l$

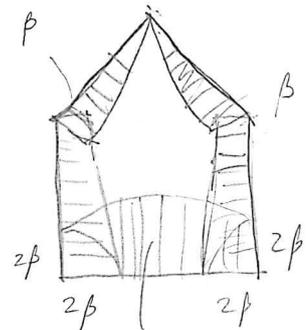
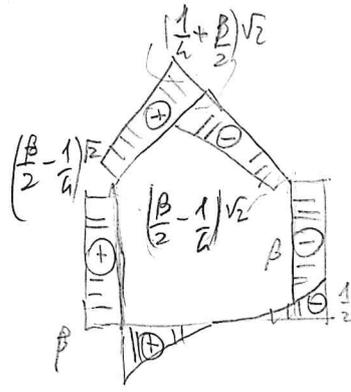
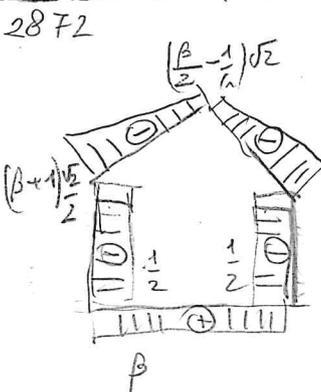
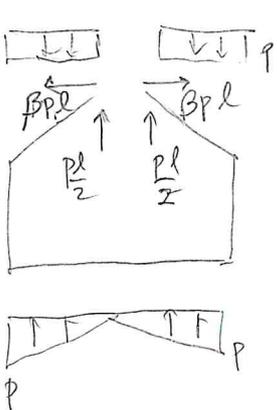
$$\gamma_{11} = \frac{1}{EI} \int_D M_1^2 dx = 2 \left[\frac{2(18+\sqrt{2})}{3} \right] \frac{l^3}{EI}$$

$$\gamma_{10} = \frac{1}{EI} \int_D M_1 M_0 dx = 2 \left[\frac{6+\sqrt{2}}{24} \right] \frac{pl^4}{EI}$$

$$\bar{\gamma}_1 = \int_D M_1 \bar{u} dx = 2 \left[\frac{4pl^4}{EI} \right]$$

$$\gamma_{11} X_1 + \gamma_{10} + \bar{\gamma}_1 = 0 \Rightarrow X_1 = -\beta pl$$

$$\text{con } \beta = \frac{1712 - 109\sqrt{2}}{2872} \approx 0,54$$



$$\left(\frac{N}{pl} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{I}{pl} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{M}{pl^2} \right)$$